

Fair, warmer to-day; to-morrow fair, colder at night. Temperatures yesterday—Maximum, 53; minimum, 34.

# THE WASHINGTON HERALD

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## CONGRESS MAY CITE ON HEAD FOR CONTEMPT

Plans to Be Considered for Issuance of Warrant for William Rockefeller.

### STILL ELUDES GUARDS

Subpoena Servers Fail to Locate Magnate Wanted as Witness by Pujio Committee.

New York, Jan. 1.—Plans will be considered at Washington to-morrow for the arrest of William Rockefeller, the Standard Oil magnate, who is still eluding service of a subpoena from the Pujio Money Trust investigating committee. As at present outlined the plans embrace the issue of a warrant which will authorize Sergeant-at-Arms Riddell, of the House of Representatives, to use whatever force may be necessary in entering Mr. Rockefeller's place of concealment, placing him under arrest, and delivering him at the bar of the House for contempt.

Chief Clerk Jerry South left for Washington to-night to confer to-morrow with House leaders on the plan of campaign. "I cannot speak for the House," said Mr. South, "but it seems to me to be an elementary proposition that the House cannot back down now. Mr. Rockefeller must be served with this subpoena no matter at what cost. He has defied one branch of the government which directly represents the people, and to permit him to escape now will be offering more encouragement to socialists and anarchists than anything else in a generation. It is a brand-new issue which has been raised—the right of one man to defy the power and authority of the House—and the situation must be met firmly if the law is not to fall into contempt.

Quick Action Expected. Congress will reconvene to-morrow, and it is altogether likely that within forty-eight hours action will be taken. According to information obtained to-day, it is likely that a resolution will be introduced reciting all the facts of Mr. Rockefeller's evasion of the subpoena of the Pujio committee and asking for fresh power covering the position of the House will thereupon be had, at which the testimony of Sergeant-at-Arms Riddell will be taken as to the efforts he has made to serve Mr. Rockefeller.

Mr. Chappell, the House sergeant-at-Arms, will be called to say at whose instance he wrote the letter to the committee declaring that his patient's condition was such that he could not appear. There can only be one answer to this question—Mr. Rockefeller. Mr. Chappell has informed Mr. South and Sergeant-at-Arms Riddell on two separate occasions that it was at Mr. Rockefeller's request that the letter was written. Mr. Chappell also has informed the two House officials that in conversation with Mr. Rockefeller he advised his patient against going to Washington.

This will be complete and convincing evidence that Mr. Rockefeller knows he is wanted by the committee, and Chief Clerk South declared to-day that with such knowledge Mr. Rockefeller is in contempt of the House in evading service of the subpoena. On this presentation of facts, the House will be asked to authorize the issuance of a warrant for Mr. Rockefeller's arrest, and armed with such a warrant, Sergeant-at-Arms Riddell will be empowered to force an entrance into any house where the Standard Oil magnate is hiding and to use whatever force may be necessary in compelling Mr. Rockefeller to answer the House summons.

### RIDDELL WANTS MORE SUBPOENA SERVERS TO HUNT ROCKEFELLER

Charles Riddell, deputy sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives, who is in charge of the squad of men in New York who are trying to serve a subpoena on William Rockefeller, to compel his attendance before the Pujio investigating committee, asked last night to have twelve more men sent to New York. Riddell now has a force of about thirty men on Mr. Rockefeller's trail.

Speaker Charles Clark also, at the request of Sergeant-at-Arms Riddell, signed 100 additional subpoenas to-day and forwarded them to New York. Riddell and his men intend to search the city for the Standard Oil magnate, and each deputy will be loaded with several subpoenas.

### OPIMUM TRADE NEAR COLLAPSE.

Coast Provinces Close Doors to Drug. Thousands of Chests Unavailable.

London, Jan. 1.—The acute phase of the opium crisis in China is thus described by the Telegraph's Peking correspondent: "There is no longer doubt that we are actually witnessing the dramatic collapse and end of the opium trade which has enriched India during the last century by the fabulous total of £200,000,000 and which is largely responsible for the breaking up of the Chinese economic system."

"The coast provinces and the Yangtze provinces are virtually closing their doors against this vile drug, which all writers other than Englishmen designate as the greatest blot on England's fair name in Asia."

"Twelve millions sterling worth of opium lies to-day stacked in thousands of chests in Shanghai and Hongkong warehouses unavailable, and several British banks are involved to the extent of £2,000,000 and tremble for their money."

"How the problem can be solved would tax Solomon himself, but the fact is that certain remote back provinces, such as Kansu and Kueichow, still plant poppy, everywhere else war to the knife is being waged more and more fiercely against the traffic."

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## GIVES "SWAN SONG" IN SENATE TO-DAY



JOSEPH W. BAILEY.

Of Texas, who is soon to retire, after a remarkable political career of more than twenty years.

## BAILEY READY TO QUIT

GIVES HIS "SWAN SONG" TO-DAY

## SUCCESSOR IS IN DOUBT

Senator Joseph W. Bailey of Texas will sing his "Swan Song" in the Senate to-day. He will speak in opposition to the initiative and referendum. His friends expect that he will resign soon after the speech is concluded, but he denied last night that he had planned any spectacular exit from the body in which he has served so long. He will not tender his resignation, they say, as a concluding feature of the speech. The House is a strong sentiment in favor of electing Representative Morris Sheppard, who already has been practically chosen for the full term to succeed Bailey. The legislature will meet within a week.

## SIX DIE WHEN TRAIN GOES THROUGH BRIDGE

Structure Collapses and Cars Fall Into River—Several Men Drowned. Two Are Missing.

Huntington, W. Va., Jan. 1.—Six men were killed and two others are missing, while fifteen were injured to-day when a freight train on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad went through a bridge over the Guyandotte River, three miles from here. Thirty structural ironworkers were on the bridge at the time making repairs when it collapsed. Many of them were thrown into the river. Some swam ashore, but others were drowned.

The dead: Engineer E. S. Webster, of Russell, Ky., fell into the river with the locomotive and was drowned; Emmett Wood, of Talbot, Ky., structural ironworker, drowned; Charles Maddy, of Talbot, W. Va., structural ironworker, drowned; Charles Gogger, of Huntington, structural ironworker, drowned; Henry White, Huntington, structural ironworker; James Crawford, structural ironworker, Albany, W. Va.

The locomotive and eight freight cars went into the river when the floor system collapsed. The fireman of the train became apprehensive of the bridge and refused to risk across. The ironworkers were employed in enlarging the bridge from a single to a double track structure.

## EARTHQUAKE SHAKES TOWNS.

South Carolina Cities Feel Distinct Shock—Jail Is Damaged.

Union, S. C., Jan. 1.—Buildings were shaken, windows rattled, and walls cracked by an earthquake here at 1:25 o'clock this afternoon. The county jail was severely damaged. People rushed excitedly into the streets fearing occurrence of the catastrophe of 1888. Anderson, S. C., also felt the shock distinctly. No casualties have been reported.

## Woodrow Wilson's Life of Washington

Next President's History of First Executive to Be Published by The Washington Herald.

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Well Rounded Daily Installments of Splendid Biography—Accurate, Interesting. A thrilling Historical story, daring and sentimental, forceful, fascinating, and authentic.

Don't Miss the First Installment

## Citizens Pay Their Formal Farewell to President and Mrs. Taft at New Year's Reception

More Than 7,000 Persons Call at White House—Gold Lace Is Abundant, and Nature Helps Make Event a Brilliant Social Spectacle.

Citizens of the Capital said their formal farewell to President and Mrs. Taft yesterday at the fourth and last New Year's reception held at the White House under the present administration and the witfulness that toned the cheery brightness of the day and its gathering of District people and government officials in holiday dress and the Diplomatic Corps and officers of the army and navy in their brilliant uniforms, was the one touch that made this exchange of greetings between the Chief Executive and the First Lady of the Land and their loyal constituents different from similar functions in the past.

The President and Mrs. Taft, both seemingly in good health after their long journey overseas to see the Panama Canal, were uniformly cheerful, but the 7,600 handclaps, with which Mr. Taft extended his greetings to his Cabinet, the members of the Diplomatic Corps, the judiciary of the United States and the members of Congress, officers of the army and navy and Marine Corps, officials of the government, and members of commissions, members of patriotic and similar societies, and the people of the District, had nearly exhausted the President's blithe vigor, and Mrs. Taft was greatly wearied by the long reception, which began with the singing of the national anthem by President Taft, Mrs. Taft, and the members of the Cabinet, which was ended with the departure of the last member

### OFFICERS ON WAY TO WHITE HOUSE.



Photo by National Photo Co.

of the citizenry at 2:10 o'clock in the afternoon.

Weather is Ideal. So fine a day was it that weather stopped none from paying his respects to the President and the First Lady in their home. Clear skies, bright sunshine, and an almost balmy breeze called all forth to the last opportunity to express the good wishes in their heart for this and many more years of health and happiness for the family in the White House. In attendance, the reception was the largest held in the history of the White House, with the possible exception of the first.

The first overt preparation for the reception, the placing of patrolmen on the grounds and adjacent streets of the White House, was hardly made before the citizens intending to greet the President started the constantly accretive line at the northwest entrance of the grounds. In their patient standing they had quickening glimpses of the splendor that was gathering within the White House. To the policemen about and those about, all in sober blue, directing, moving, curbing, checking, as the growing procession of callers formed, there were added frequent army and navy officers as they bustled into the State, War and Navy Building or the White House executive offices. Musicians of the Marine Band in scarlet hurried through the grounds. Carriages and automobiles whirled by.

Continued on Page Four.

## GALLINGER GOES ON STAND TO-DAY

Chairman of District Committee to Testify Before the Insurance Probers.

### OTHER WITNESSES TODAY

Representative Burleson's Name Is Now Dragged Into the Inquiry.

Senator Jacob H. Gallinger, chairman of the District Committee, probably will be the first witness before the House committee investigating the affairs of two local insurance companies, who are charged with having defrauded the National Savings and Trust Company. Other witnesses probably will be Graham Nichol and John Martin, trustees, respectively, of the Star and Times, assigned to the District Building.

Senator Gallinger asked to be heard by the committee because his name has been injected into the record of the case through testimony touching upon the appointment and subsequent conduct of George W. Ingham, Superintendent of Insurance of the District. The fact that some relations existed between Ingham and Gallinger, that Gallinger supported Ingham in his candidacy for appointment as Superintendent of Insurance, and that Ingham's candidacy was discussed in the course of a social call by Commissioner Rudolph at Senator Gallinger's country home in New Hampshire have been more or less dwelt upon by the District investigators.

### Burleson Dragged In.

The testimony which was most directly responsible for Senator Gallinger's request for a hearing, however, was offered gratuitously by Engineer Commissioner Jordon, who announced that he had been influenced to withdraw his opposition to Ingham's appointment by a warning from Representative Burleson of Texas to the effect that further opposition to Ingham's appointment might militate against legislation which Jordon was fighting for, and which would have to come before the District subcommittee of the Senate Committee on Appropriations, of which Senator Gallinger is chairman.

In view of the years which Senator Gallinger, titular head of the Republicans in the Senate, chairman of the steering committee of the House Appropriations Committee, Senator Gallinger regards as passing strange in view of the long conference in which the two men have engaged over District appropriation bills, in attempts to reconcile the small House bills with the generous Senate measures.

Senator Gallinger's friends believe that the New Hampshire senator's statement will be more than interesting, and that he will have some caustic comments to place in the record. It is stated that Senator Gallinger is not particularly pleased with the outcome of the case which have been adopted by the House District Committee and which threaten to defeat the much-needed public utility bill, of which he was the principal collaborator.

### To Explain Relationship.

In addition, Senator Gallinger will, for the first time, set the public right as to his relationship to Ingham. It is understood. Friends of the Senator who are in a position to know state that Ingham is the son of a second cousin of Senator Gallinger's mother, or, as it is said in New England, a second cousin twice removed. Senator Gallinger is said to have given recently the following account of his acquaintanceship with Ingham:

About twenty years ago, while campaigning in the West, Senator Gallinger

## TURK PROPOSALS PIQUE DELEGATES

Peace Plenipotentiaries, Near Complete Rupture, Adjourn Meeting Until To-morrow.

### BULGAR QUILTS CHAMBER

M. Madjaroff, in Fury, Threatens Immediate Resumption of Hostilities. Would Line Up Saloniki.

London, Jan. 1.—Fiercely near a complete rupture in their negotiations, the plenipotentiaries participating in the deliberations at St. James Palace have adjourned until Friday after a short session to-day, which was featured by the sensational departure from the council room of M. Madjaroff, the Bulgarian Minister to Great Britain, who said he was going to the foreign office to inform the authorities that the allies would resume the hostilities at once.

M. Venizelos, the Greek premier, presided at to-day's session. It was apparent at once that all participants in the negotiations were laboring under considerable suppressed excitement. As soon as the session was formally opened, M. Madjaroff presented his "modified proposals." Turkey offered to cede to Bulgaria Saloniki instead of Adrianople, not including Greece in the participation.

This in effect, was little or none the less than Turkey had proposed in the first place. The proposals stated that the future boundaries of Turkey and Bulgaria should be settled directly between those powers while the other questions in dispute should be submitted to the great European powers.

### Strong Hope Felt for Safety of Ninth. Men Slave All Day to Release Comrades.

Tamaqua, Pa., Jan. 1.—After working heroically all yesterday afternoon, last night, and to-day, the army of miners set out to rescue nine miners entombed in the East Lehigh mine, were rewarded to-night by bringing to the surface alive eight of the imprisoned miners, and there is strong hope that the one remaining man will be rescued before daylight.

The rescuers were given stout hearts this morning by distinct rappings from the location in which the men were entombed, and which were followed later by the words "all well" when a pipe was forced through the mass of debris.

Throughout the day the work went on with feverish haste. A crowd of relatives and friends, together with trainloads of excursionists congregated about the shaft. During the afternoon no less than 5,000 persons were gathered at the workings. The debris was shoveled into two-ton cars and as one was filled, which required about fifteen minutes' time, the gang of workers was relieved and a fresh set of volunteers took up the task. Refreshments were served constantly at the bottom of the shaft, where the men were waiting in groups to work. Several hundred tons of muck was taken out, and although the mass was practically solid, blasting was not resorted to, for fear of causing additional gas, or shaking down loose earth.

### Allies Plan Celebration.

Vienna, Jan. 1.—It is announced from Belgrade that the Kings, premiers, and presidents of the parliaments of the allied Balkan states will participate in a grand demonstration at Saloniki after the conclusion of peace in London to signify the solidarity of the allies.

### Greeks Keep Up Fight.

Athens, Jan. 1.—Dispatches received here to-day state that fighting is continuing in the vicinity of Yanina between the Greeks and the Turks. Advances to the Grecian war office state that the Turks have been repulsed in the last engagement with heavy losses.

Weather To-day, B. F. Jan. 2, Hazy. "The Grain of Dust." Columbia, N. Y. to S.

## PREMIER'S DAUGHTER COMES HERE TO-DAY



MISS VIOLET ASQUITH.

## WILL VISIT WASHINGTON

MISS ASQUITH HERE TO-DAY

## FIRST TRIP TO AMERICA

Miss Violet Asquith, daughter of the Prime Minister of England, and the Countess of Aberdeen, wife of the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, are expected to arrive in Washington this afternoon. They will be the guests of Ambassador and Mrs. James Bryce. Many social functions have been planned for their entertainment.

Miss Asquith and Lady Aberdeen arrived in New York City last Sunday, where they were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Henry Phipps, who, at one time, occupied Beaumont Castle, Invernesshire, England.

This is Miss Asquith's first visit to America, and she is much interested in the political affairs of this country, as well as of England. She is said to be an ardent believer in woman suffrage, but because of her father's position in English politics she has taken no large part in the doing of the suffragette's work.

Since the death last year of Miss Asquith's fiancé, the late Hon. Archie Gordon, third son of the Countess of Aberdeen, she has been very active in various philanthropic projects in England and has established a school in the East End of London, where the boys of the second-hand clothing trade.

## WANTED AS FORGER, TRIES TO KILL SELF

Henry Garrison, Held in Rochester, N. Y., for Washington Police, Slashes Throat.

Henry Garrison, fifty years old, wanted in this city to answer a charge of forgery, attempted suicide in a police station in Rochester, N. Y., in an effort to escape extradition, according to information received by Maj. Sylvester last night from Detective Charles Evans, who went to Rochester to take charge of the prisoner.

Garrison, according to Evans' information, cut his throat with a knife which had been given him with his dinner. The prisoner was found in a serious condition just shortly before Evans reached the station. Physically, Garrison is a man of about 150 pounds, with a fair complexion, and is not able to stand it trip to Washington for at least ten days.

Garrison, the police allege, forged the name of a blacksmith by whom he was employed for several weeks in this city. The blacksmith received a check for \$25 from the District government in payment for shoeing horses, and the check, it is alleged, was presented for payment by Garrison, who forged his employer's signature, according to the police.

Garrison left the city before a warrant for his arrest was issued and was traced to his home in Hubbard, Orleans County, N. Y.

## PACKING COMPANY REDUCES CAPITAL

Former "Beef Trust" Drops from a \$15,000,000 to \$1,000,000 Organization—Soon to Dissolve.

Chicago, Jan. 1.—The National Packing Company, which the government holds on card-indexing as the Beef Trust, started in the new year by divesting itself of some evidence of an unpleasant past. As the last step but one toward its liquidation, the company has agreed to reduce its capital from \$15,000,000 to \$1,000,000.

This action follows the physical dissolution of the company, which was completed by the Department of Justice last July on threats of civil prosecution, following an ineffectual effort to sustain criminal charges against the company's officers. At that time the plants and other properties were divided among the Armour, Swift, and Morris interests, stockholders receiving shares in proportion to the amounts they held.

The financial "unraveling," however, has proved a more intricate matter. The National Packing Company, as such, was a money going out and a lot of money coming in when the government seized it between the eyes. In the parlance of the race track, it had to have time to make a new book. This work has proceeded down to a point where \$1,000,000 capital is considered sufficient to cover all contingencies between now and the day of the final interest.

"There are some odds and ends left in the way of claims and other money matters," said M. W. Borders, who represented Morris & Co. in the dissolution conferences that were held in Chicago with District Attorney Wilkerson. "These are being taken care of as fast as possible, but they require no great amount of capital. Soon the capital will be reduced probably again to \$500,000 and then wiped off the boards altogether. The distribution of the properties is a matter of history."

Quickest Route to Miami, Nassau, and Havana by Two Hours. Atlantic Coast Line. New York and Florida Special. 6:20 p.m. effective Jan. 6. Fine roadway, 1400 New York, N.Y.

## MR. TAFT DROPS PLAN TO NAME COL. GOETHALS

Army Engineer to Continue as Head of Panama Canal Project in Present Job.

## NO GOVERNOR PROBABLE

Opposition from Southern Democrats Both Amazes and Exasperates the President.

Determined that under no circumstances, so long as he is President, the Panama Canal shall be made the football of partisan politics, President Taft is now likely to abandon his intention of reorganizing the government of the Canal Zone and naming Col. George W. Goethals as chief officer of the canal. Developments here yesterday indicated that the President will not nominate Col. Goethals to be governor of the Canal Zone, nor will he make any move toward changing the present establishment on the Canal Zone. The President returned from Panama Tuesday, with Col. Goethals in his personal party, fully determined to name the colonel to be governor of the Zone. When he learned of the acrimonious attacks made upon his plan by Southern Democrats, the President was amazed. When he learned that the alleged basis of these attacks was the fact that Col. Goethals would not distribute the canal patronage in accordance with the wishes of the Democrats, he was exasperated. The news of the opposition forming against him, on purely political grounds, likewise amazed Col. Goethals. It is understood that the President's probable abandonment of the plan to name Col. Goethals to be governor is in accord with the wishes of that officer. Col. Goethals has often stated to friends that he has no desire to permit the canal patronage to be a source of contention for the political parties. He is understood to be of the same mind with the President, that the only way to prevent the canal patronage from being fought for by the political parties is for the President to relinquish his intention of reorganizing the Canal Zone government.

## Opposition Unexplainable.

The President is convinced that if the Democrats carried out their threat of making a fight against Col. Goethals on partisan political lines, they would weaken their own position. Mr. Taft believes that the country is enthusiastically devoted to Col. Goethals and would never consent without a protest, to see him ousted from his position of highest authority on the Canal Zone. The snarling and barking of certain of the Southern Democrats over the proposed appointment of Col. Goethals is considered all the more ridiculous by President Taft in view of certain evidence before he left Washington. It became known to-day that a prominent Southern Democrat, a member of the House, and a prominent member of the Wilson Cabinet, went to the White House and urged President Taft to undertake the reorganization of the Canal Zone government.

The Democrat told the President that inasmuch as Gov. Wilson had declined to avail himself of the President's offer of a warship, on which he might go to the Louisiana and acquire himself a condition, President Taft himself should make the trip and decide upon the proposed reorganization. The President's official house in the White House is believed that if President-elect Wilson did not care to visit Panama when he had a chance to do so, it was truly incumbent upon himself to attend to the canal zone government and canal forces.

Disgusted by what he learned yesterday, however, the President has about decided that under the circumstances it will be best to leave the present organization intact, thus preventing any fight on Col. Goethals.

Col. Goethals has no desire to remain in charge of the Panama Canal and longer period than is necessary to demonstrate to the United States government and the world that he has completed the task set him. The colonel will not regard his work as any more completed when the water is turned into Culbreth Cut. On the contrary, he feels that in justice to himself he must be allowed to remain in charge of the canal until it has been thoroughly demonstrated that every feature of the canal work is satisfactory, and that the canal is absolutely workable in every detail.

## FRIENDS SEEK HOUSE FOR PRESIDENT TAFT

Residence in New Haven Leased for Executive When He Assumes Professorship at Yale.

New Haven, Conn., Jan. 1.—Negotiations have been opened between friends of President Taft for his residence in the Yale University in New Haven, Conn. The Yale University is located on Elm Street, and his friends here state that the house he will occupy as a permanent residence will not be as good as the one he is now occupying. It is understood that President Taft will not come to this city to take up his duties as professor of law lecturer until next fall. His friends here expect him to go south for a rest after his retirement from office March 4. He is expected here for the month of June, when he will meet with the university corporation and will be present at the Yale commencement exercises. He probably will make his headquarters at the Hotel Taft at that time. His residence here will be leased for several years or will be bought outright, and he will take possession of it about September 15.

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